## **Fast Facts**

## **Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)**

-An infection of the lungs and respiratory tract

-Most children have been exposed by the age of 2

-Seasonal starting in the fall and lasting to the end of spring

-Spread as respiratory droplets that enter the air when an infected person sneezes or coughs
-Can get it if you have direct contact with an infected person

-Can live on hard surfaces, like countertops and toys, for several hours

-Children who go to child care centers or have older siblings who go to school are at high risk
-Enters the body through the eyes, nose, or mouth

-Most contagious in the first few days, but can continue to spread the virus for a few weeks
-Can infect anyone, but some individuals are at higher risk than others

-Symptoms usually appear within four to six days of exposure

-Most people recover within a week or two

Symptoms	Treatment	Prevention
Mild:	Mild (Supportive care measures):	-No vaccine yet
-Congested/runny nose	-Over-the-counter medication, like	
-Dry cough	acetaminophen, to reduce fever	-Frequent and thorough
-Low-grade fever	-Nasal saline drops and suctioning	handwashing
-Sore throat	- Stay calm or keep your child as	-Limit time around those
-Mild headache	calm as possible	who have fevers or colds
	-Drink plenty of fluids (cool fluids	-Keep hard surfaces clean
Severe:	can help soothe a sore throat, and	by disinfecting regularly
-Fever	warm fluids can help loosen up	-Don't share drinking
-Severe cough	secretions, so try using both)	glasses or eating utensils
-Wheezing	-Continue to feed your child as you	with a sick family
-Rapid/difficult breathing	normally would	member
-Bluish color of the skin,	-Use a cool-mist humidifier or	-Don't smoke around the
especially around the	vaporizer to moisten the air to 50%	infected person
mouth and fingernails	humidity	-Take medication if you
	-Avoid secondhand smoke	fall into a high-risk group
Severe (infants only):		
-Chest muscles/skin pull	Severe (Hospitalization):	
inward with each breath	-Intravenous (IV) fluids	
-Poor feeding	-Humidified oxygen	
-Irritability	-Ventilator	
-Unusual tiredness	-Antiviral medication for those with	
(lethargy)	compromised immune systems	

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