Fast Facts

Kidney Infection

-Also known as Pyelonephritis

- -An infection that starts in your urethra (the tube that carries urine from your bladder to outside your body) or bladder and travels up the ureters (the tubes that carry urine from your kidneys to your bladder), spreading the infection to your kidneys
 - -Require prompt treatment (can cause permanent damage to kidneys, or the bacteria can quickly spread to your bloodstream, causing a serious infection called sepsis)
- -Risk Factors: being female, having kidney stones/abnormal urinary tract structure/enlarged prostate, having a weakened immune system, damaged bladder nerves, using a urinary catheter, and having certain conditions (vesicoureteral reflux--urine to flow in the wrong direction)

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Symptoms	Treatment	Prevention
-Fever	-Depends on personal health and the type of	-Primary goal: reduce
-Chills	bacteria is causing the infection	your chances of a
-Back/side pain	-10	urinary tract infection
-Groin pain	-Oral antibiotics	
-Abdominal pain	-Heating pad to help with pain	-Drink enough water
-Frequent urination	-Over-the-counter medicine (acetaminophen	-Do not delay going to
-Continual urge to	or ibuprofen) to help with pain or fevers	the bathroom when the
urinate	-Drink plenty of water	urge is present
-Burning	-Avoid coffee and alcohol until the infection	-Urinate as soon as
sensation/pain when	has cleared	possible after
urinating	08,	intercourse
-Nausea	-Severe cases = hospitalization to receive	
-Vomiting	antibiotics and fluids via an intravenous	For women:
-Pus or blood in the	(IV) catheter	-Wipe carefully front to
urine	x 6/	back
-Foul-smelling urine	-Recurrent = evaluation by nephrologist	-Do not use feminine
-Cloudy urine	(kidney specialist) or urologist (urinary	products, like deodorant
	surgeon)	sprays or douching

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